



TALOS Software

“Text File Analyser”

Installation and Usage Guide

The screenshot shows the TALOS AI4SSH software interface. It consists of several sections:

- Step 1: Select Your Text File**: Shows a file named "Chapter1ARISTOTLE.txt" selected. Details: C:\Users\Roche\Nextcloud\Maria-Christophe\ERA chair TALOS\14 TALOS RTs\RT5, Language: us English, Size: 0.0 MB | Words: 4,760. A "Browse File" button is available.
- Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type**: Offers six analysis options: Word Analysis, Noun Analysis, Person Names, Location Names, Lemmatization, and Pattern Extraction.
- Supported Languages**: Lists supported languages: French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Greek, Ancient Greek, Russian, Chinese, Korean, Arabic. A note states: "Advanced features require language-specific models (auto-installed when needed)".
- Analysis Results**:
 - Text Statistics:**
 - Language detected: English
 - Total characters: 27,667
 - Total words: 4,760
 - Preview (first 2000 chars):
 - Text preview:

Chapter 1. ARISTOTLE (384-322 B.C.)
Aristotle, son of Nicomachus and Phaeatis, was a native of Stagira. His father, Nicomachus, as Hermippus relates in his book On Aristotle, traced his descent from Nicomachus who was the son of Machaon and grandson of Asclepius; and he resided with Amyntas, the king of Macedon, in the capacity of physician and



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1. Software Identification

- **Name:** Text File Analyzer (TFA)
- **Program:** Talos_Text_Analyzer.py
- **Version:** 2.0
- **Date:** 14/08/2025
- **Language:** Python 3.12
- **Type:** Software (standalone)
- **Topic:** Textual Analysis Tool
- **Web site:** http://talos-ai4ssh.eu/File_Analyser/
- **Author:** Christophe Roche

2. General Description

Text File Analyser (TFA) is a standalone text analysis tool written in Python. It is designed to extract statistical and linguistic information (tokens and named entities) from textual documents and to export the results in Excel or CSV formats.

3. Core Functionalities

- Word (token) extraction and frequency analysis
- Named-Entity Recognition extraction and frequency analysis
- Lexico-Syntactic Pattern extraction
- Export in CSV or Excel format

4. Installation & Launch

4.1. System Requirements

- **Operating System:** Windows 10/11, macOS, or Linux
- **RAM:** Minimum 4GB, recommended 8GB+
- **Disk Space:** At least 2GB free space for Python and libraries
- **Internet Connection:** Required for initial setup and model downloads

4.2 Install Python

Windows:

1. Download Python 3.8+ from <https://www.python.org/downloads/>
2. **IMPORTANT:** During installation, check “**Add Python to PATH**”
3. Verify installation by opening Command Prompt and typing: `python --version`



macOS:

1. Install using Homebrew (recommended): `brew install python`
Or download from <https://www.python.org/downloads/>

Linux (Ubuntu/Debian):

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3 python3-pip
```

4.3 Install Required Python Libraries

Open Terminal/Command Prompt and run the following commands:

Core Libraries (Required)

`tkinter`: for Python 3 `tkinter` should already be included with your Python installation. However, if you don't have `tkinter` installed, the easiest way is to reinstall Python from the official website and ensure that the `tkinter` package is included during installation.

```
pip install pandas openpyxl spacy langdetect
```

Install spaCy Language Models

```
# English (Essential for TALOS - always install this one)
python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm
# Greek (Essential for TALOS - always install this one)
python -m spacy download el_core_news_sm    # Greek
```

Optional - Install other Languages as needed:

```
python -m spacy download fr_core_news_sm    # French
python -m spacy download es_core_news_sm    # Spanish
python -m spacy download de_core_news_sm    # German
python -m spacy download it_core_news_sm    # Italian
python -m spacy download pt_core_news_sm    # Portuguese
python -m spacy download nl_core_news_sm    # Dutch
```

Install Stanza (for Ancient Greek)

Text_File_Analyser uses **Stanza** for processing Ancient Greek texts.

First install Stanza:

```
pip install stanza
```

Then, open Python and download the Ancient Greek (grc) model (only once):

```
python
>>> import stanza
>>> stanza.download("grc")
```



This will install the **Ancient Greek Universal Dependencies models** (grc_perseus and grc_proiel). After this initial download, TALOS will automatically load the Ancient Greek model when needed.

4.4 Download the Program TALOS_Text_Analyzer.py

- Save the `Talos_Text_Analyzer.py` file to your computer
- Choose a dedicated folder (e.g., `Documents/TALOS/Text_Analyser`)

4.5 Launch the Program TALOS_Text_Analyzer.py

Method 1 - Command Line:

```
cd /path/to/your/TALOS/Text_Analyser  
python Talos_Text_Analyzer.py
```

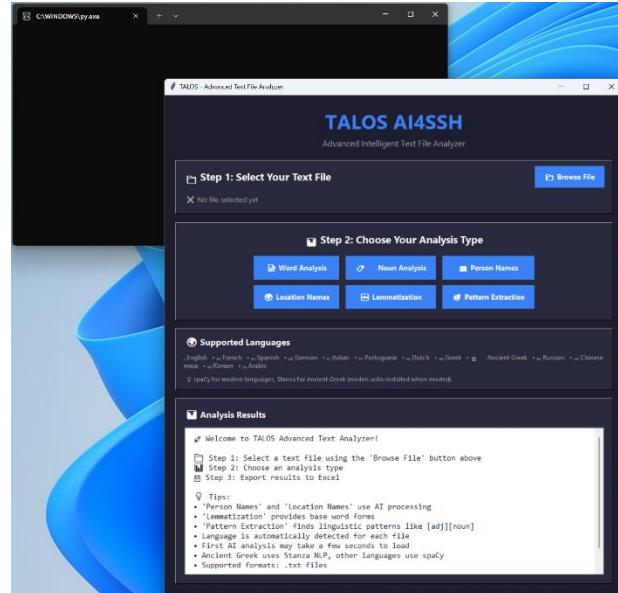
Method 2 - Double-click (Windows):

- Right-click on `Talos_Text_Analyzer.py`
- Select “Open with” → “Python”

Method 3 - Create a Shortcut (Windows):

- Create a .bat file with:

```
@echo off  
cd "C:\path\to\your\TALOS\folder"  
python TALOS_Text_Analyzer.py  
pause
```



The Windows console opens, and after some time the application window is displayed.

The first analyses of the program can take a long time, corresponding to the loading of the language models into memory.

4.5 Troubleshooting

Common Issues:

- “Python is not recognized”** - Solution: Reinstall Python and check “Add Python to PATH”
- “Module not found” errors** - Solution: Run `pip install [module_name]` for each missing module
- “spaCy model not found”** - Solution: Run `python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm`
- tkinter not found (Linux)** - Solution: `sudo apt-get install python3-tk`
- Export issues** - Ensure you have write permissions in the export folder - Try exporting to Desktop first
- Check Dependencies:** Ensure all required libraries are installed



7. Update Libraries: Run `pip install --upgrade [library_name]`

8. File Format: Ensure your text file is properly encoded (UTF-8)

9. Memory: Try with smaller files first to test the installation

Performance Tips:

- **First AI Analysis:** The first time you use Person Names, Location Names, or Lemmatization, it may take 10-30 seconds to load the AI model
- **Large Files:** Files over 10MB may take longer to process
- **Memory:** Close other applications when processing very large text files

5. Updates

To update `Talos_Text_Analyzer.py` :

1. Replace the `Talos_Text_Analyzer.py` file with the new version
2. Update dependencies: `pip install --upgrade pandas openpyxl spacy langdetect`
3. Update language models: `python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm --upgrade`



6. How to Use TALOS_Text_Analyzer.py

The next chapter, dedicated to a use case, details each of the software's functions

6.1 Language Support

TALOS automatically detects the language of your text files and supports:

- **us English** (always available)
- **FR French**
- **GR Greek**
- **DE German**
- **IT Italian**
- **ES Spanish**
- **NL Dutch**
- **PT Portuguese**
- **RU Russian**
- **CN Chinese**
- **JP Japanese**
- **KR Korean**
- **SA Arabic**

Note: Advanced AI features (Person Names, Location Names, Lemmatization) require language-specific models. Install them as needed using the spaCy commands above.

6.2 Basic Workflow:

1. **Step 1:** Click “ Browse File” to select your .txt file
2. **Step 2:** Choose your analysis type:
 - **Word Analysis:** Frequency of all words
 - **Noun Analysis:** Extract only nouns
 - **Person Names:** AI-powered person name recognition
 - **Location Names:** AI-powered location identification
 - **Lemmatization:** Base forms of words
 - **Pattern Extraction:** Custom linguistic patterns
3. **Step 3:** Export results to Excel or CSV

6.3 Supported File Formats:

- **.txt files** (UTF-8 encoding recommended)
- Maximum recommended size: 50MB

6.4 Export Options:

- **Excel (.xlsx):** Multi-sheet with statistics
- **CSV (.csv):** Simple comma-separated values



7. Use Cases

The first time you use Person Names, Location Names, or Lemmatization, it may take 10-30 seconds to load the AI model

7.1 Interface

The main interface is divided into 3 main panels corresponding to the selection of the file to analyse (Step 1), the 6 analysis types proposed by the software (Step 2) and the Analysis Results panel.

The screenshot shows the TALOS AI4SSH software interface with three main sections:

- Step 1: Select Your Text File**: A file input field with the placeholder "No file selected yet" and a "Browse File" button.
- Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type**: Six analysis options arranged in two rows:
 - Word Analysis
 - Noun Analysis
 - Person Names
 - Location Names
 - Lemmatization
 - Pattern Extraction
- Supported Languages**: A list of supported languages with small flags:
 - English • FR French • ES Spanish • DE German • IT Italian • PT Portuguese • NL Dutch • GR Greek • 古 古 Ancient Greek • RU Russian • CH Chinese
 - inese • KR Korean • SA Arabic

A note below states: "Advanced features require language-specific models (auto-installed when needed)"
- Analysis Results**: A welcome message and instructions:
 - Welcome to TALOS Advanced Text Analyzer!
 - Step 1: Select a text file using the 'Browse File' button above
 - Step 2: Choose an analysis type
 - Step 3: Export results to Excel

Tips:

 - 'Person Names' and 'Location Names' use AI processing
 - 'Lemmatization' provides base word forms
 - 'Pattern Extraction' finds linguistic patterns like [adj][noun]
 - Language is automatically detected for each file
 - First AI analysis may take a few seconds to load
 - Supported formats: `tvt filac`



7.2 Selecting a text to analyse

The first step consists of selecting the file to analyse.

Step 1: Select Your Text File

No file selected yet

Browse File

Nom

- The Trojan War.txt
- DL1_en.txt**
- Chapter1ARISTOTLE.txt
- Hugo.txt

The “Select Your Text File” panel is updated to display information about the uploaded file.

Step 1: Select Your Text File

Browse File

DL1_en.txt

C:\Users\roche\Nextcloud\Maria-Christophe\ERA chair TALOS\14 TALOS RTs\RT5

Language: us English

Size: 0.1 MB | Words: 18,243

The Analysis Results panel displays some statistics and a preview of the uploaded file.

Analysis Results

File Preview: DL1_en.txt us

=====
Text Statistics:
• Language detected: English
• Total characters: 101,743
• Total words: 18,243
• Preview (first 2000 chars):

BOOK I Prologue There are some who say that the study of philosophy had its beginning among the barbarians. They urge that the Persians have had their Magi, the Babylonians or Assyrians their Chaldaeans, and the Indians their Gymnosophists; and among the Celts and Gauls there are the people called Druids or Holy Ones, for which they cite as authorities the Magicus of Aristotle and Sotion in the twenty-third The alteration of the numeral from 23 to 13 is supported by what little we know of Sotion's work. It was from a similar source that Clement of Alexandria must have taken what we find in Strom. i. 71 concerning Chaldaeans, Druids, Magians, Gymnosophists, and other barbarian philosophers. book of his Succession of Philosophers. Also they say that Mochus was a Phoenician, Zamolxis a Thracian, and Atlas a Libyan. If we may believe the Egyptians, Hephaestus was the son of the Nile, and with him philosophy began, priests and prophets being its chief exponents. Hephaestus lived 48,863 years before Alexander of Macedon, and in the interval there occurred 373 solar and 832 lunar eclipses. The date of the Magians beginning with



7.3 Word Analysis

The Word Analysis function counts all words in the text, listing each unique word and the number of times it appears.

It ignores very short tokens (less than 3 letters) and normalizes text to lowercase for consistent counting. This provides a full statistical overview of the vocabulary distribution. The results can be exported in Excel or CSV formats.

The screenshot shows the software interface for performing a Word Analysis. At the top, there is a navigation bar with several tabs: 'Word Analysis' (selected), 'Noun Analysis', 'Person Names', 'Location Names', 'Lemmatization', and 'Pattern Extraction'. Below this, a section titled 'Supported Languages' lists various languages with their respective flags and names: English, French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese, Korean, Arabic, and others. A note indicates that advanced features require language-specific models. The main area is titled 'Analysis Results' and displays the following information:

- A summary section for 'Word Analysis us'.
- A 'Statistics' section showing:
 - Total occurrences: 13,797
 - Unique elements: 3,382
 - Source file: DL1_en.txt
 - Detected language: English
- A table of word frequencies:

Element	Occurrences
the	1196
and	558
his	268
that	257
was	226
for	157
with	113
you	109
not	106
him	105
who	103
from	103
they	97

A modal window titled 'Export Analysis Results' is open, showing that there are 3382 unique elements to export and the language is set to English. It offers two export formats: 'Excel (.xlsx)' (blue button) and 'CSV (.csv)' (green button).



7.4 Noun Analysis

The Noun Analysis function identifies and counts only common nouns, showing their frequency in the text.

It uses part-of-speech tagging to ensure only grammatical nouns are included, filtering out proper names and other word types. This helps focus on key objects, concepts, or entities in the corpus. The results can be exported in Excel or CSV formats.

The screenshot shows the software interface for Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type. It includes tabs for Word Analysis, Noun Analysis (selected), Person Names, Location Names, Lemmatization, and Pattern Extraction. A modal window titled 'Export Results' is open, showing '1342 unique elements to export' and 'Language: English'. It offers two export formats: 'Excel (.xlsx)' (blue button) and 'CSV (.csv)' (green button). The main panel displays 'Analysis Results' for 'Noun Analysis US'. It shows statistics: Total occurrences: 3,067, Unique elements: 1,342, Source file: DL1_en.txt, and Detected language: English. Below this is a table of noun occurrences:

Element	Occurrences
man	40
men	39
son	38
name	27
work	26
others	26
gods	25
book	24
death	22
time	22
tyrant	21
years	19
one	18



7.5 Person Names

The Person Names analysis detects and counts named entities of type “PERSON” (people’s names) using NLP.

It leverages language-specific models to recognize personal names regardless of their grammatical form. This is useful for prosopographical studies or identifying main actors in a narrative. The results can be exported in Excel or CSV formats.

The screenshot shows the software interface for performing a 'Person Names' analysis. At the top, there is a navigation bar with several tabs: 'Word Analysis', 'Noun Analysis', 'Person Names' (which is selected and highlighted in blue), 'Location Names', 'Lemmatization', and 'Pattern Extraction'. Below this, a section titled 'Supported Languages' lists various languages with small flags: English (EN), French (FR), Spanish (ES), German (DE), Italian (IT), Portuguese (PT), Indonesian (ID), Korean (KR), and Arabic (SA). A note indicates that advanced features require language-specific models (auto-installed). The main area is titled 'Analysis Results' and shows the output for 'Person Analysis us'. It includes a 'Statistics' section with the following data:

- Total occurrences: 353
- Unique elements: 189
- Source file: DL1_en.txt
- Detected language: English

Below this is a table of names and their occurrence counts:

Element	Occurrences
Bias	19
Myson	18
Anth	11
Priene	11
Plato	10
Thales	10
Fr	7
Zeus	6
Chen	6
Pherecydes	6
Duris	6
Syros	6
Aristotle	5

A modal window titled 'Export Analysis Results' is open, showing that 189 unique elements are ready to be exported in English. It offers two export formats: 'Excel (.xlsx)' (blue button) and 'CSV (.csv)' (green button).



7.6 Location Names

The Location Names function detects and counts named entities of type “GPE” (geopolitical entities such as cities, countries).

It distinguishes place names from other nouns and adapts to the detected language to improve accuracy. This is particularly relevant for geographical analysis or mapping historical references.

The screenshot shows the software interface for performing text analysis. At the top, there is a navigation bar with several tabs: 'Word Analysis', 'Noun Analysis', 'Person Names', 'Location Names' (which is currently selected and highlighted in blue), 'Lemmatization', and 'Pattern Extraction'. Below this, a section titled 'Supported Languages' lists various languages with their respective flags and abbreviations: English (EN), French (FR), Spanish (ES), German (DE), Italian (IT), Portuguese (PT), Korean (KR), Arabic (AR), and others. A note below states that advanced features require language-specific models (auto-installed). On the left, under 'Analysis Results', there is a summary for 'Location Analysis us' and a detailed 'Statistics' section. The statistics include: Total occurrences: 195, Unique elements: 111, Source file: DL1_en.txt, and Detected language: English. To the right, a modal window titled 'Export Analysis Results' is open, showing that there are 111 unique elements to export and the language is set to English. It provides two options for export format: 'Excel (.xlsx)' (blue button) and 'CSV (.csv)' (green button). The main results table lists the top 15 most frequent location names along with their occurrence counts:

Element	Occurrences
Athens	21
Greece	8
B.C.	5
Pamphila	5
Anaxagoras	4
Apollodorus	4
Scythia	4
Zoroaster	3
pp	3
Suidas	3
Megara	3
Egypt	3
Periander	3



7.7 Lemmatization

Lemmatization reduces words to their base form (lemmas) and counts their frequency.

It removes grammatical inflections, allowing related forms of a word (e.g., “running”, “ran”) to be counted together. This is essential for linguistic analysis, topic modeling, or building lexicons.

The screenshot shows the software interface for Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type. It includes tabs for Word Analysis, Noun Analysis, Person Names, Location Names, Lemmatization (selected), and Pattern Extraction. A sidebar lists supported languages: English, French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Indonesian, Korean, Arabic, and others. An 'Export Results' dialog is open, showing 2696 unique elements to export for the English language, with options to choose Excel (.xlsx) or CSV (.csv) formats. The main analysis results table displays lemmatized words and their occurrences, with a statistics section showing 7,510 total occurrences and 2,696 unique elements. The table lists words like man, say, solon, son, come, wise, god, friend, give, thales, accord, take, and follow, each with its corresponding occurrence count.

Element	Occurrences
man	79
say	65
solon	45
son	42
come	39
wise	37
god	35
friend	34
give	33
thales	33
accord	32
take	31
follow	31



7.8 Pattern Extraction

Pattern Extraction finds repeated lexical-syntactic patterns (e.g., adjective + noun) or custom POS patterns chosen by the user.

It scans the text for predefined structures but also lets the user define up to 5-word custom patterns with optional wildcards. This is valuable for studying collocations, stylistic tendencies, or formulaic expressions.

The custom pattern builder interface allows the user to define lexical-syntactic patterns by selecting up to five consecutive positions and assigning each one a part-of-speech tag (e.g., ADJ, NOUN, VERB) or a wildcard.

Custom Pattern Builder X

Build Your Custom Pattern

Select which positions to fill (1-5) and choose POS tags:

Pattern Positions:

Position 1: Adjective (big, beautiful)

Position 2: Noun (house, car)

Position 3: Adjective (big, beautiful)

Position 4: Adjective (big, beautiful)

Position 5: Adjective (big, beautiful)

Example Patterns:

- ADJ + NOUN → 'beautiful house'
- DET + ADJ + NOUN → 'the red car'
- NOUN + ADP + NOUN → 'cup of coffee'
- ADJ + ADJ + NOUN → 'big red balloon'
- VERB + DET + NOUN → 'read the book'

Extract Pattern Cancel



Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type

Word Analysis **Noun Analysis** **Person Names**
Location Names **Lemmatization** **Pattern Extraction**

Export Results

Supported Languages
English • FR French • ES Spanish • DE German • IT Italian • PT Portuguese
Inese • KR Korean • SA Arabic
Advanced features require language-specific models (auto-installed w...

Analysis Results

Custom Pattern [ADJ_NOUN] us

Statistics:

- Total occurrences: 486
- Unique elements: 441
- Source file: DL1_en.txt
- Detected language: English

Element	Occurrences
[ADJ_NOUN]: first book	7
[ADJ_NOUN]: second book	5
[ADJ_NOUN]: old man	4
[ADJ_NOUN]: old age	4
[ADJ_NOUN]: fifth book	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: same name	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: elegiac metre	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: young men	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: own house	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: own epitaph	3
[ADJ_NOUN]: true form	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: wise men	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: italian school	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: positive doctrines	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: old woman	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: strangest thing	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: other men	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: early times	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: third year	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: olympic victory	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: short letter	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: absolute ruler	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: natural death	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: own sphere	2
[ADJ_NOUN]: long time	2
...	...

Export Analysis Results
441 unique elements to export
Language: English

Choose export format:

Excel (.xlsx) **CSV (.csv)**



7.9 Example with an Ancient Greek Text

TALOS AI4SSH

Advanced Intelligent Text File Analyzer

Step 1: Select Your Text File

DL6_2_Diogenes_cynic_grc.txt
C:\Users\Christophe\Nextcloud\Maria-Christophe\ERA chair TALOS\14 TALOS RTs\RT5\Christophe\Text Analyser\Texts
Language: 古希腊语 Ancient Greek
Size: 0.1 MB | Words: 5,642

Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type

Word Analysis Noun Analysis Person Names
 Location Names Lemmatization Pattern Extraction

Supported Languages

English • FR French • ES Spanish • DE German • IT Italian • PT Portuguese • NL Dutch • GR Modern Greek • 古希腊语 Ancient Greek • RU Russian • CN Chinese
Japanese • KR Korean • SA Arabic

spaCy for modern languages, Stanza for Ancient Greek (models auto-installed when needed)

Analysis Results

File Preview: DL6_2_Diogenes_cynic_grc.txt 古希腊语

=====
Text Statistics:
• Language detected: Ancient Greek
• NLP Engine: Stanza (specialized for Ancient Greek)
• Total characters: 37,121
• Total words: 5,642
• Preview (first 2000 chars):

1 [20] Διογένης Ικεσίου τραπεζίτου Σινωπεύς. φησὶ δὲ Διοκλῆς, δημοσίαν αὐτοῦ τὴν τράπεζαν ἔχοντος τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ παραχαράξαντος τὸ νόμισμα, φυγεῖν. Εύβουλίδης δ' ἐν τῷ Περὶ Διογένους αὐτὸν φησι Διογένην τοῦτο πρᾶξαι καὶ συναλλάσθαι τῷ πατρὶ. οὐ μὴν ἀλλὰ καὶ αὐτὸς περὶ αὐτοῦ φησιν ἐν τῷ Πορδάλῳ ὡς παραχαράξαι τὸ νόμισμα. ἔνιοι δ' ἐπιμελητῆν γενόμενον ἀναπεισθῆναι ὑπὸ τῶν τεχνιτῶν καὶ ἐλθόντα εἰς Δελφοὺς ἢ εἰς τὸ Δῆλον ἐν τῇ πατρίδι Διόλλωνος πυνθάνεθαι εἰ ταῦτα πρᾶξει ἀπέρ ἀναπειθεῖται: τοῦ δὲ συγχωρήσαντος τὸ πολιτικὸν νόμισμα, οὐ συνεῖς, τὸ κέρμα ἐκιβδήλευσε καὶ φωραθεῖς, ὡς μέν τινες, ἐφυγαδεύθη, ὡς δέ τινες, ἐκών ύπεξῆλθε φοβηθείς. 2 [21] ἔνιοι δέ φασι παρὰ τοῦ πατρὸς αὐτὸν λαβόντα τὸ νόμισμα διαφθεῖραι: καὶ τὸν μὲν δεθέντα ἀποθανεῖν, τὸν δὲ φυγεῖν ἐλθεῖν τ' εἰς Δελφοὺς καὶ πυνθανόμενον οὐκ εἰ παραχαράξει, ἀλλὰ τί ποιήσας ἐνδοξότατος ἔσται, οὕτω λαβεῖν τὸν χρησμὸν τοῦτον.
Γενόμενος δὲ Αθήνησιν Ἀντισθένει παρέβαλε. τοῦ δὲ διωθουμένου διὰ τὸ μηδένα προσίεσθαι, ἔξεβιάζετο τῇ προσεδρίᾳ. καὶ ποτε τὴν βακτηρίαν ἐπανατειναμένου αὐτῷ τὴν κεφαλὴν ὑποσχών, "παῖε," εἶπεν: "οὐ γάρ εύρήσεις οὕτω σκληρὸν ξύλον ὃ με ἀπείρξεις ἔως ἂν τι φαίνῃ λέγων." τούντευθεν διήκουσεν αὐτοῦ καὶ ἄτε φυγάς ὧν ὥρμησεν ἐπὶ τὸν εὔτελῆ βίον.



TALOS AI4SSH

Advanced Intelligent Text File Analyzer

Step 1: Select Your Text File

DL6_2_Diogenes_cynic_grc.txt
C:\Users\Christophe\Nextcloud\Maria-Christophe\ERA chair TALOS\14 TALOS RTs\RT5\Christophe\Text Analyser\Texts
Language: Ancient Greek
Size: 0.1 MB | Words: 5,642

Step 2: Choose Your Analysis Type

Word Analysis Noun Analysis Person Names
 Location Names Lemmatization Pattern Extraction

Supported Languages

English • FR French • ES Spanish • DE German • IT Italian • PT Portuguese • NL Dutch • GR Modern Greek • Ancient Greek • RU Russian • CN Chinese
Japanese • KR Korean • SA Arabic
spaCy for modern languages, Stanza for Ancient Greek (models auto-installed when needed)

Analysis Results

Custom Pattern [PRON_NOUN] Ancient Greek

Statistics:

- Total occurrences: 50
- Unique elements: 49
- Source file: DL6_2_Diogenes_cynic_grc.txt
- Detected language: Ancient Greek
- NLP Engine: Stanza

Element	Occurrences
[PRON_NOUN]: αὐτοῦ διογένους	2
[PRON_NOUN]: ταῦτα πράξει	1
[PRON_NOUN]: τοῦτον γενόμενος	1
[PRON_NOUN]: αὐτῷ πήραν	1
[PRON_NOUN]: τούτων χάριν	1
[PRON_NOUN]: αὐτῷ εὑβούλος	1
[PRON_NOUN]: τοῦτο ἀριστίππου	1
[PRON_NOUN]: αὐτοὺς ὅβει	1
[PRON_NOUN]: ἐαυτὸν κύνα	1
[PRON_NOUN]: σὺ ἀνδράποδα	1
[PRON_NOUN]: αὐτὸν ξενιάδῃ	1
[PRON_NOUN]: οἱ σαπέρδην	1
[PRON_NOUN]: ἡμῖν διόγενες	1

Analysis complete - 49 elements found



8. Developer

- Prof Christophe Roche – TALOS ERA Chair Holder – University of Crete
<https://talos-ai4ssh.uoc.gr/>
- Contact: roche.university@gmail.com

9. License

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10. Download links

- Web site: http://talos-ai4ssh.eu/Text_Analyser/
- Source code: https://talos-ai4ssh.uoc.eu/Text_Analyser/Talos_Text_Analyser.zip
- Documentation:
https://talos-ai4ssh.uoc.gr/File_Analyser/Talos_Text_Analyser_Documentation.pdf

11. Support

- Prof Christophe Roche – TALOS ERA Chair Holder – University of Crete
<https://talos-ai4ssh.uoc.gr/>
- Contact: roche.university@gmail.com

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